Welcome

Former York Naval Ordnance Plant Remediation Project

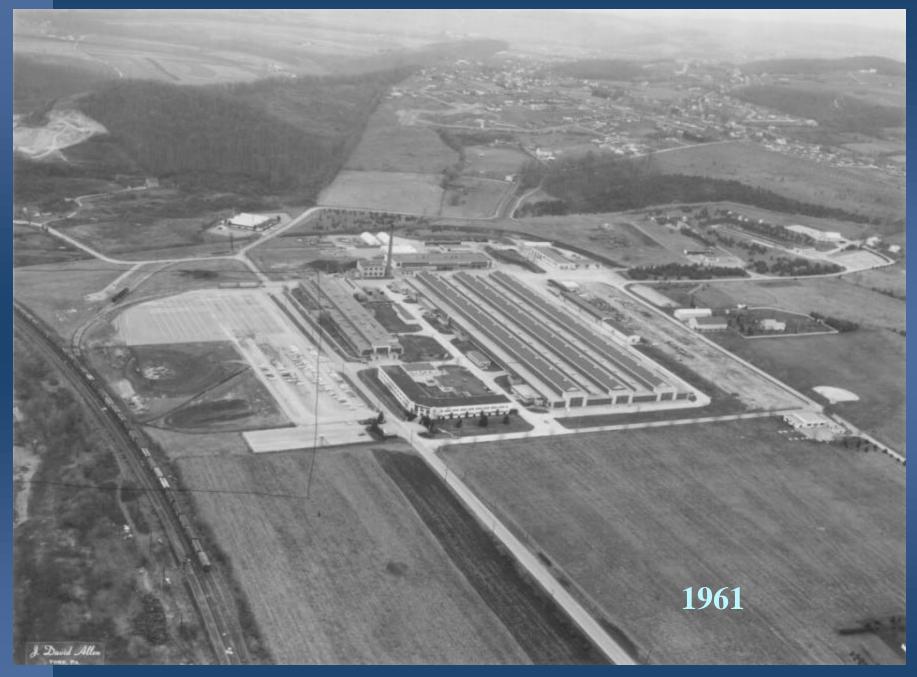
June 23, 2004

History of Ownership

- 1941-1944 York Safe and Lock Company
 - Site constructed as part of National Defense Program
 - 40mm twin and quadruple gun mounts, complete with guns
- 1944-1964 U.S. Navy
 - Blaw-Knox operated and managed site production
 - 40mm twin and quadruple gun mounts, complete with guns
 - War-service weapons and rocket launchers, 3"/50 guns, 20mm aircraft guns and power drive units for 5"/54 guns

History of Ownership

- 1964-1981 American Machine & Foundry (AMF)
 - Continued previous contracts, bomb casings, and antisubmarine rocket launchers and gun directors
 - Golf carts, ski-daddlers, bowling pin lane changers, and motorcycles (added in 1973)
- 1981-Present Harley-Davidson Motor Company (H-D)
 - Started to phase out military products
 - Concentrated on motorcycles





Two Cleanup Objectives

Ongoing Soil and Groundwater

Remediation

Ordnance and Explosives (OE) Removal

Ongoing Soil and

Groundwater Remediation

Regulatory Agencies Involved

- Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) formerly known as Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (PADER)
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Initial Investigations

- 1986 Harley-Davidson began voluntary investigation
 - Findings reported to PADEP
- A series of investigations, reports, and cleanup work followed

Environmental Agreements

- 1995 Harley-Davidson & United States Govt.
 - Agreed to share costs for soil and groundwater investigation and cleanup
 - Agreement included ordnance removal by USACE
- 2002 Harley-Davidson and EPA
 - Signed agreement on 5/20/02 to participate in Federal Facility Lead Program

Soil Contaminants of Concern

- Chlorinated Solvents
 - Trichloroethene (TCE)
 - Tetrachlorethene (PCE)
 - 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (TCA)
- Metals
 - Chromium
 - Lead
 - Nickel
- Petroleum By-products
- Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

Existing Soil Remediation Activities

- In-Place Treatment of Soils:
 - Removal of solvents in soils by vapor extraction
 - Building 4 process area 1995 and ongoing
 - Underground Storage Tanks Building 45- 1996

Existing Soil Remediation Activities

Removal of Contaminated Soils:

Underground storage tank replacements - 1991-1992

Chrome plating area - 1995-1996

Old Waste Containment Area - 1996

Zinc plating area - 1996-1997

Old wastewater tanks - 2000

Electrical transformers upgraded - 1999-2004

Softail plant construction - 2001-2002

Groundwater Contaminants

- Chlorinated Solvents
 - Trichloroethene (TCE)
 - Tetrachlorethene (PCE)
 - 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (TCA)
- Metals
 - Chromium
 - Lead

Existing Groundwater Remediation Activities

- Monitoring Wells
 - 102 installed from 1986 to present
- Extraction and Treatment System
 - Groundwater treatment plant built in 1990
 - Removal of contaminants in air-stripping tower
 - System operation to continue several years
 - Extraction (Capture) wells (17 installed)

Next Steps for Soil and Groundwater Cleanup

- Continue current groundwater treatment
- Complete site-wide Work Plan for further investigation and begin implementation
- Conduct additional off-site well and water use survey
- Perform on-site soil vapor sampling

Ordnance and

Explosives (OE) Removal

Current OE Project

- Work performed as part of FUDS (Formerly Used Defense Sites) Program
- Address Harley-Davidson need to expand site for company tractor trailers parking area.

OE Background

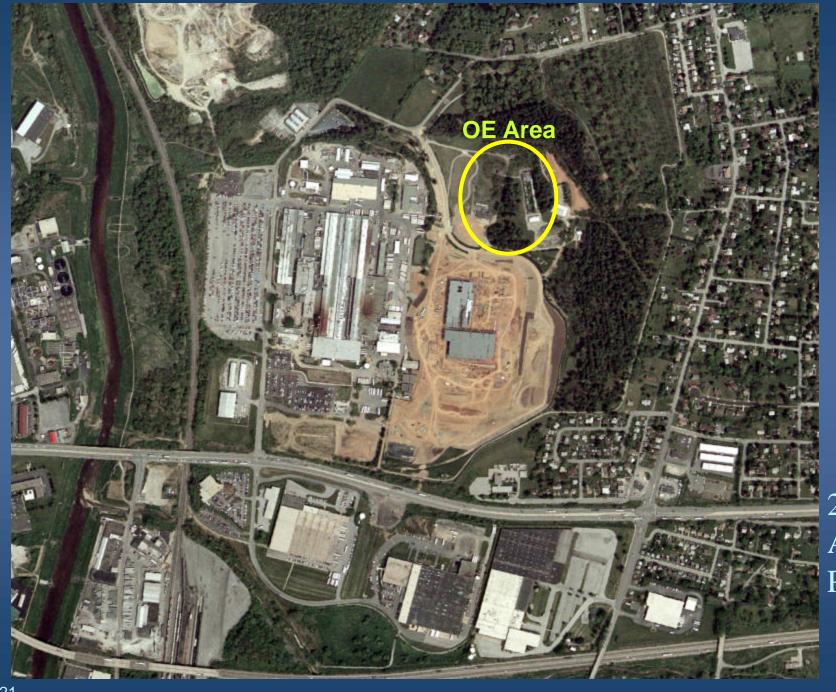
- Various non-explosive ordnance (ammunition) related items were manufactured under U.S. Government oversight from 1941-1964.
- These included 3"/50, 20mm and 40mm gun mounts. They were test fired with inert loaded projectiles at the site.

Planned OE Removal Action

- Potential Locations
- 1. Two sand filled target butts.

 Building 16 East and west
- 2. Firing point misfire pits.

 Buildings 14 and 16
- 3. Burial sites for fired items.
 20mm dumpsite SW of Building 14



2002 Aerial Photo

Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD)



Building 16 East & West Target Butt



1993 Removal Mis-Fire Pit

Inert Loaded Projectiles

- Inert (non-explosive) projectiles may have been buried near the sand bunkers for disposal.
- These items were recovered from the sand filled target bunkers.

Inert Loaded Projectiles

- Inert projectiles look like live ones.
- Each projectile must be inspected for the presence of explosive material.
- They will be separated from the sand in the bunkers and inspected.

Mis-Fires

 Some of the inert loaded projectiles did not fire from the gun mounts when they were supposed to. These are called mis-fires.

 The mis-fires had non-functioning propellant trains due to either internal malfunction, or malfunction of the gun assembly.

Mis-Fires (continued)

- The mis-fires were placed in mis-fire pits constructed near the firing points.
- These mis-fires have a live propellant train intended to propel them into the targets.
- The propellant is a low explosive.



Recovered Mis-Fires

Proposed OE Cleanup

- Finalize the Work Plan
- Safely remove OE material late summer
- Project team will secure a 200 ft. safety zone within a 600 ft. buffer zone
- Approximately two months for field work
- Detonation, if required, will be late afternoon and will sound like a shotgun in the distance

Stakeholder Relations

- Public Information and Involvement Plan
- Newsletters
- Information Telephone Line 717-852-6664
- Website (www.yorksiteremedy.com)
- Information Repository-Martin Library
- Visit Elected Officials
- Visit Boundary Neighbors
- Periodic Meetings

Harley-Davidson's Commitment

 Keep our stakeholders informed of cleanup activities

Continue to work closely with the regulatory agencies

Fully meet environmental requirements

Questions and Answers